

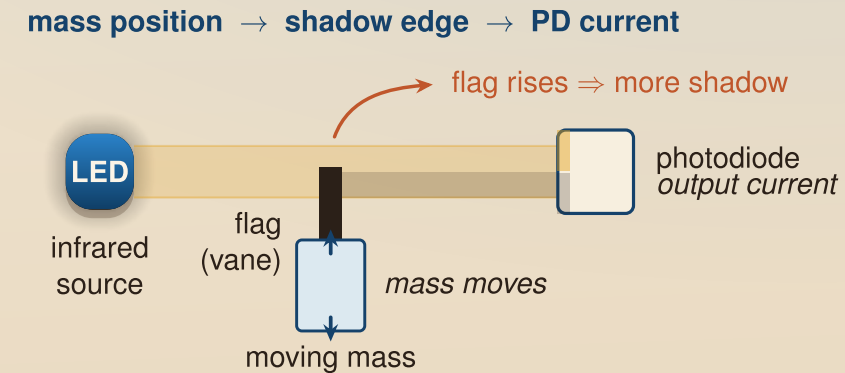
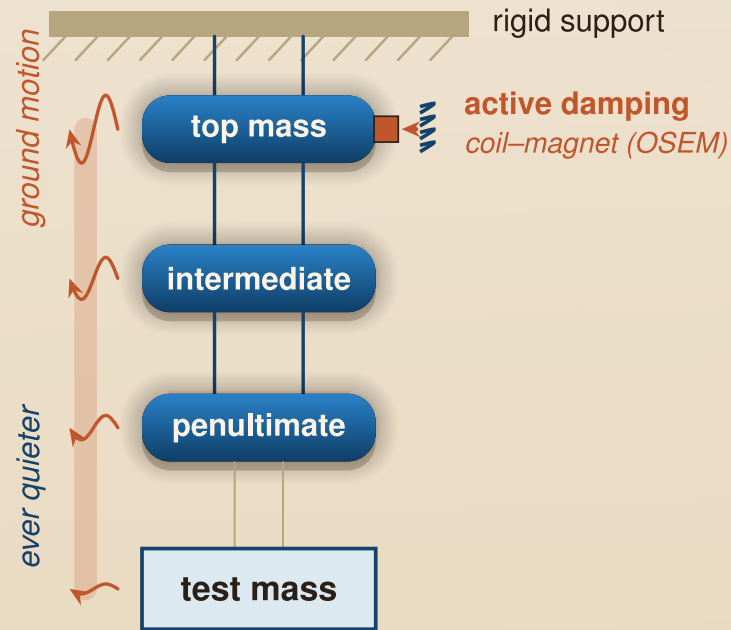
Day 2 — Mechanical

15 JULY • EVAN, DEN, RANA

The first loop on real hardware: damp a suspension, then budget the closed loop.



The plant to damp

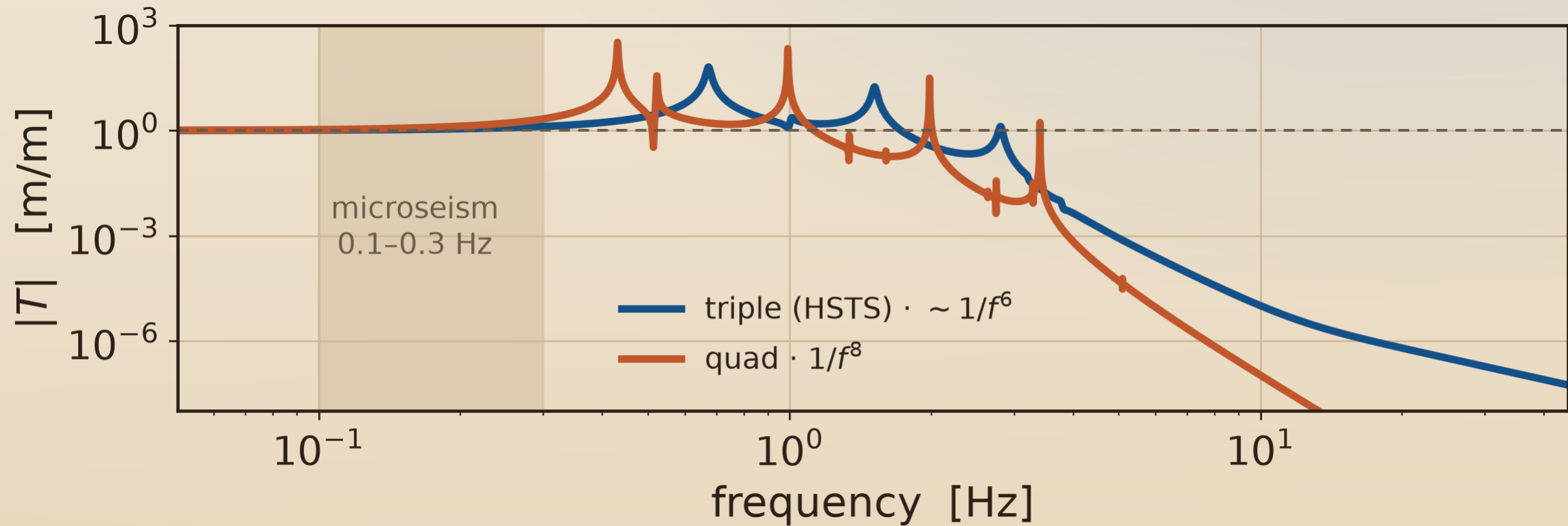


sensor • OSEM shadow

plant • multi-stage pendulum

A high- Q pendulum, sensed by an OSEM at the top mass. Motion gets quieter down the chain; damping wraps a loop around the top and knocks the peak down.

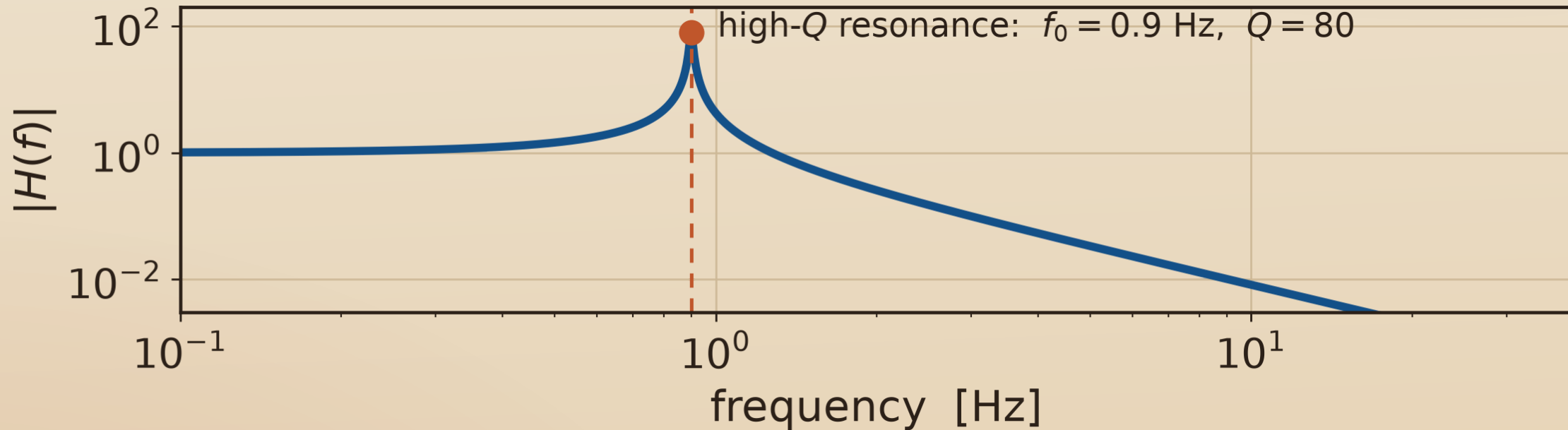
What the chain does to the ground



Transmissibility (m/m): the ground rides through at $|T| = 1$ below the modes, **amplifies** on resonance ($\times 65$ triple, $\times 330$ quad), then rolls off two poles per stage. Real [ctlib](#) models — lowest mode 0.67 Hz (triple) / 0.43 Hz (quad); at 10 Hz the triple gives 10^{-5} , the quad 10^{-7} .

Why it rings: the high- Q resonance

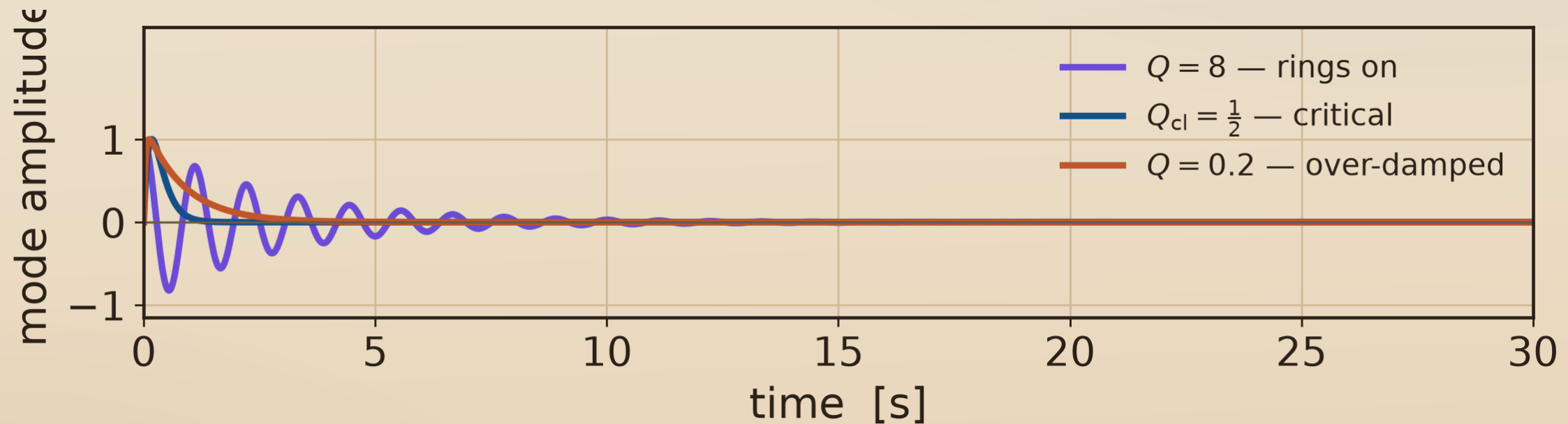
$$H(s) = \frac{\omega_0^2}{s^2 + \frac{\omega_0}{Q}s + \omega_0^2}$$



Illustrative Q , so the peak fits. Real pendulum: $Q \sim 10^8$ — it rings for **a year**.

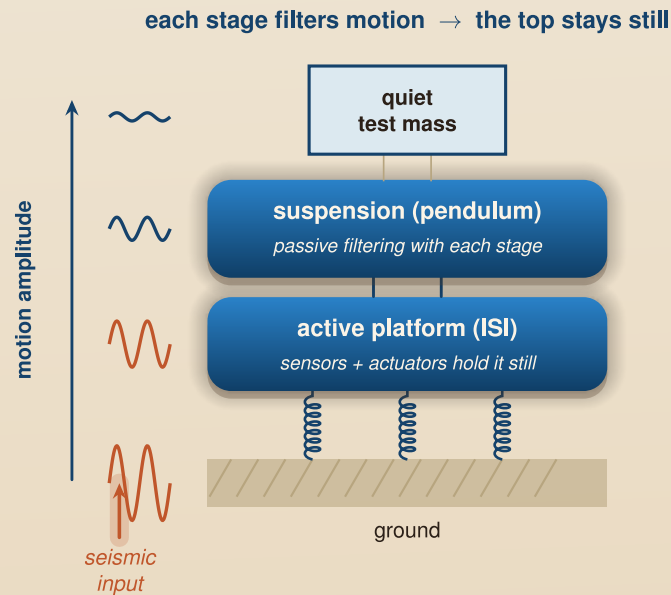
Damp it: the critical boundary

$$s_{\pm} = -\frac{\omega_0}{2Q} \pm j \omega_0 \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{4Q^2}} \quad \Rightarrow \quad Q_{cl} = \frac{1}{2} \text{ is where the ring stops.}$$



More velocity gain pulls the poles left until they meet at $Q_{cl} = \frac{1}{2}$. Illustrative $Q = 8$, so the ringdown fits in 30 s. A real pendulum ($Q \sim 10^8$) rings for **years** — hence damping.

Day 2 · afternoon



Morning: seismic → HAM-ISI → suspension → linear-systems math.

“Damp the HSTS, budget the loop”

An HSTS rings with high- Q resonances. We model it as a linear mechanical system — a SISO loop now, and a MIMO loop later. Design the damping loops to knock the Q 's down, keep it stable — then compute the closed-loop noise budget.

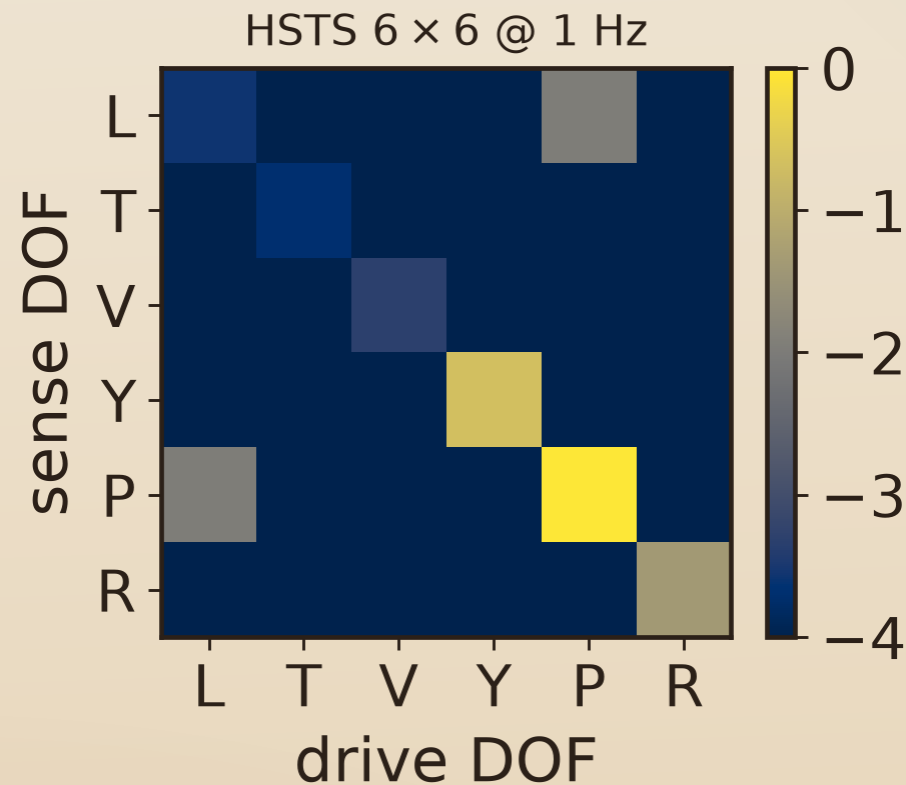
More gain kills the resonance on S but re-injects **sensor noise** on T . Find *just enough* damping — not maximum.

Deliverable · before/after ringdowns + S/T budget & chosen gain

NAME THE MOVE

Damping is a loop; its noise is $T \cdot n_{\text{sensor}}$; commission at the gain where the budget is lowest.

MIMO later — the 6-DOF suspension



“A SISO loop now, a MIMO loop later” — here is later. Each mass moves in **six** DOF: **L, T, V, Y, P, R**. They couple (the off-diagonal above is real), so the honest path is:

SISO dampers first — one loop per DOF. Then, where the cross-terms bite, the **Day-1 decoupler** $\mathbf{D} = \hat{\mathbf{M}}^{-1}$, tested for robustness to a mis-measured sensing matrix.

Stretch • the QUAD — 4 stages, same 6-DOF structure, the $1/f^8$ chain

NAME THE MOVE

The suspension is one 6 × 6 plant; damp the diagonal, decouple the rest — the coupled loop from Day 1, on real hardware.